| | (i) Find the slant height of the cone and the volume of the hemisphere. (ii) Find the total volume of the article. | |
|----|---|--|
| | | |
| | OR | |
| | A solid toy is in the form of a hemisphere surmounted by a right circular cone. Height of the | |
| | cone is 4 cm and the diameter of the base is 8 cm. If a right circular cylinder circumscribes the | |
| | solid. Find how much more space it will cover? | |
| | SECTION E | |
| | Section E consists of 3 questions of 4 marks each. | |
| 36 | Morning Walk | |
| | In a morning walk, Pankaj, Saksham and Mayank step off together, their steps measuring 240 | |
| | cm, 90 cm and 120 cm respectively. They want to go for a juice shop for a health issue, which | |
| | is situated near by them. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 1 | | |





| 1 1 2 |
|-------------|
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| 1 |
| 1 |
| 2 |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |



A straight highway leads to the foot of a national communication and telecasting tower. A watchman standing at the top of the tower observes a car at an angle of depression of 30° which is approaching the foot of the tower with a uniform speed. Two minutes later, the angle of depression was found to be 60° . The watchman suspects that some terrorist are approaching the tower. It needs half a minute for the watchman to inform the security staff so that it may alert.



On the basis of above information, answer the following questions

(i) Find the angle of depression from the object to the point on the ground and the angle of elevation of the same point on the ground to the same object.

(ii) The angle of of an object viewed, is the angle formed by the line of sight with the horizontal.

(iii) How much time will the car take to reach the foot of the tower?

OR

From a point on the ground, the angles of elevation of the bottom and top of a transmission tower fixed at the top of a 20 m high building are 45° and 60° respectively. Find the height of the tower.





1

1

2

| Roll | No. | |
|------|-----|--|
| | | |

Please check that this question paper contains 38 questions and 10 printed pages

D.A.V. INSTITUTIONS, CHHATTISGARH PRACTICE PAPER-9 CLASS: X SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS (STANDARD)

TIME: 3 HOURS

MAX MARKS: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. This Question Paper has 5 sections A E.
- 2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each.
- 3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 2 marks each.
- 4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 3 marks each.
- 5. Section D has 4 questions carrying 5 marks each.
- 6. Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with sub-parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.

7. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice of 2 questions of 5 marks, 2 questions of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2 marks questions of Section E.

8. Draw neat figures wherever required. Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ wherever required if not

stated.

| | SECTI | ON A | |
|-----|---|----------------------------|-------|
| | Section A consists of 20 q | uestions of 1 mark each. | |
| Q. | | | Marks |
| No. | | | |
| | | | |
| 1 | If $a=(2^2\times 3^3\times 5^4)$ and $b=(2^3\times 3^2\times 5)$, then HCF(a,b)= | - | 1 |
| | (a) 90 (b) 180 | (c) 360 (d) 540 | |
| 2 | $(x+2)^3=2x(x^2-1)$ is | | 1 |
| | (a) Linear equation | (b) Not quadratic equation | |



| | (c) Quadratic equa | ation | (d) Not defined | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| 3 | In an AP, 18, 13, 8, | , 3,, the value of S_3 | 5= | | 1 |
| | (a) 2345 | (b) 2435 | (c) -2345 | (d) -2435 | |
| 4 | If x=a and y=b is th and b are: | ne solution of the line | ar equations x-y=2 and x+ | -y=4, then the values of a | 1 |
| | (a) 2,1 | (b) 3,1 | (c) 4,6 | (d) 1,2 | |
| 5 | Three vertices of a vertex is: | parallelogram taken | in the order are (-1,-6), (2, | -5) and (7,2). The fourth | 1 |
| | (a) (1,4) | (b) (1,1) | (c) (4.4) | (d) (4,1) | |
| 6 | In the figure XY // | $QR, \frac{PX}{XQ} = \frac{PY}{YR} = \frac{1}{2},$ | then | | 1 |
| | | × | Y | | |
| | (a) $XY = \frac{1}{2}QR$ | (b) XY=QR | (c) $XY^2=QR^2$ | (d) $XY = \frac{1}{2}PQ$ | |
| 7 | The coordinates of the figure is | the point which is eq | uidistant from the three ve | ertices of $\triangle AOB$ as shown in | 1 |
| | | X = 0 + | 2y) B (2x, 0) X | | |
| | (a) (x, y) | (b) (y, x) | (c) $\left(\frac{x}{2}, \frac{y}{2}\right)$ | (d) $\left(\frac{y}{2}, \frac{x}{2}\right)$ | |
| 8 | If $\sin\theta = \sqrt{3}\cos\theta$ | , $0^{\circ} < \theta < 90^{\circ}$, the | n θ is equal to | | 1 |



| | (a) 30° | (b) 45° | (c)60° | (d) 90° | |
|----|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----|
| 9 | If in two triangles A | BC and PQR, $\frac{AB}{QR}$ | $=\frac{BC}{PR}=\frac{CA}{PQ}$, then | | 1 |
| | (a) $\Delta PQR \sim \Delta CAB$ | | (b) $\Delta PQR \sim \Delta AB$ | BC | |
| | (c) $\Delta CBA \sim \Delta PQR$ | | (d) $\Delta BCA \sim \Delta PQ$ | QR. | |
| 10 | The LCM of 2.5, 0.5 | 5 and 0.175 is | | | 1 |
| | (a) 2.5 | (b) 5 | (c) 7.5 | (d) 17.5 | |
| 11 | In the figure, PA and | d PB are tangents | to a circle, PA=9cm and | $\angle APB=60^{\circ}$, then chord AB= | 1 |
| | | | B | | |
| | (a) 4cm | (b) 7cm | (c) 6cm | (d) 9cm | |
| 12 | The arc of a circle o centre O of the circl | | ving length 19cm, then a | ngle subtended by this arc at the | 1 |
| | (a) 36.27° | (b) 36° | (c) 30. 99° | (d) 34° | |
| 13 | | | | gether along their bases, then the | 1 |
| | curved surface area | of this new solid | is | | |
| | (a) $4\pi r^2$ | (b) $6\pi r^2$ | (c) $3\pi r^2$ | (d) $8\pi r^2$ | |
| 14 | While computing m | ean of a grouped | data, we assume that the | frequencies are | `1 |
| | (a) Evenly distri | ibuted over all the | classes | | |
| | (b) Centered at 1 | the class marks of | the classes | | |
| | | the upper limits of | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | (d) Centered at t | the lower limits of | f the classes | | |



| 15 | In making 10 $\frac{22}{7}$) | 00 revolutions, a wheel cov | ers 88 km, then the dian | neter of the wheel is (Take π = | 1 |
|----|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| | (a) 7m | (b) 14m | (c) 36m | (d) 28m | |
| 16 | A card is draw will not be an | wn from a well-shuffled dec n ace is: | k of 52 playing cards. T | he probability that the card | 1 |
| | (a) $\frac{1}{13}$ | (b) $\frac{1}{4}$ | (c) $\frac{12}{13}$ | (d) $\frac{3}{4}$ | |
| 17 | The probabili | ity of getting a red face card | from a pack of cards is | ? | 1 |
| | (a) $\frac{3}{26}$ | (b) $\frac{1}{13}$ | (c) $\frac{1}{52}$ | $(d)\frac{1}{4}$ | |
| 18 | In ∆ABC, ∠I | B=90°, if tan A=1, then 2sir | nAcosA= | | 1 |
| | (a) 0 | (b) 1 | $(c)\frac{1}{2}$ | (d) Not defined | |
| 19 | Assertion (A): If in a Δ<i>ABC</i>, a line DE // BC, intersects AB in D and AC in E, then AB/AD=AC/AE Reason (R): If a line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle intersecting the other two sides, | | | 1 | |
| | then the other two sides are divided in the same ratio.a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A). | | | | |
| | b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A). | | | | |
| | c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false. | | | | |
| | d) Assertion (| (A) is false but Reason (R) | is true. | | |
| 20 | Assertion (A |):In a right-angled triangle, units. | if $tan \theta = \frac{3}{4}$, the great | test side of the triangle is 5 | 1 |
| | Reason (R):(| greatest side) ² , i.e., (hypote | nuse) ² =(perpendicular) ² - | +(base) ² | |



| | a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A). b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A). c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false. d) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true. | |
|----|--|---|
| | SECTION B | |
| | Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each. | |
| 21 | Find the sum of all multiples lying between 100 and 1000. | 2 |
| 22 | In the given figure ABCD is a trapezium in which AB // DC // EF. Show that AE/ED=BF/FC | 2 |
| 23 | In the given figure, two circles touch each other at the point C. Prove that the common tangent to the circles at C, bisects the common tangent at P and Q. | 2 |



| 24 | An arc of a circle is of the length 7π cm and the sector it bounds is of the area 28π cm ² . Find | 2 | |
|----|--|---|--|
| | the radius of the circle. | | |
| | OR | | |
| | The wheels of a car are of the diameter 80cm each. How many complete revolutions does each | | |
| | wheel make in 10 minutes when the car is traveling at a speed of 66 kmph? $(\pi = \frac{22}{7})$ | | |
| 25 | In some buildings, especially in industries, the roof is inclined. The inclined roof is the | 2 | |
| | application of trigonometric functions. Here the roof of industry is inclined at angles α and β | | |
| | with the horizontal line as shown. Determine the value of $sin(\alpha+\beta)$. | | |
| | cosec $\alpha = \sqrt{2}$ and cot $\beta = 1$, where both angles are acute. | | |
| | roof Horizontal line | | |
| | OR | | |
| | Evaluate $sin^{6}\theta - cos^{6}\theta$ | | |
| | SECTION C | | |
| | Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each. | | |
| 26 | Manju and Manish participate in a cycle race, organized for National Integration. Manju takes | 3 | |
| | 18 minutes to complete one round, while Manish takes 12 minutes for the same. Suppose they | | |
| | both start at the same time and go in the same direction. | | |
| | After how many minutes will they meet again at the starting point? | | |
| 27 | Solve for x: $\frac{x-2}{x-4} + \frac{x-6}{x-8} = 6\frac{2}{3}$, $(x \neq 4, 8)$ | 3 | |
| | | - | |

