DAV JAT. School. Sub n mathe chapter Pari of Linear Eq. Arrignment sheet - 3. Std Xth	intwo variable
Sub a mathe chapter tau ja marting.	
Arrignment-reheet 13. Starth	int in the second
1. One linear equation is $-5x + 7y = 2$. Write another linear equation that may make a pair of dependent linear equations.	
2. If $2x - y = 3$ and $-x + 2y = 3$, then find the value of $(x + y)$.	
3. If $x = a$ and $y = b$ is the solution of the equations $2x + y = 3$ and $x - y = 2$. then find the values of 'a' and 'b'.	
Which of the following is a solution of the pair of equation, $3x + 2y = 20$ and $6x - 5y = 4$ is	
5. (a) $x = 2, y = 1$ (b) $x = 4, y = 4$ (c) $x = 6, y = 7$ (d) $x = 5, y = 3$ (a) dependent (b) inconsistent (c) consistent (c) (c) $x = 5, y = 3$ (c) $x = 5, y$	
(a) consistent and days	
6. The pair of linear equations $6x - 7y = 1$ and $3x - 4y = 5$ has: (a) unique solution (b) two solutions	
(d) no solution	
Ritesh says his daughter, "Seven years ago, I was seven times as old as you were then. Also, three years from now, I shall be three times as old as will be." Represent this situation of the line of the second second	
6x - 4y = 8?	
1. If $x = 2$, $y = 3$ is a solution of a pair of lines $2x - 3y + a = 0$ and $2x + 3y - b + 2 = 0$, then find the values of	e C
10. Find the value of 'y' satisfying both 4	
 10. Find the value of 'y' satisfying both the equations 2x - 6 = y and x - y = 1 11. The sum of a two digit number and the number obtained by reversing the order of its digits is 165. If the digits differ by 3, find the number. 2. In a competitive examination 	
while half mark is deducted by	
3. Pocket money of 7-1	
14. The sum of the dist	×.
reversing the order of its digits. If the difference between the digit	
G. A part of monthly expenses of a family is constant and the remaining varies expenditure of the formil is a family is $₹ 250$ per quinted if	
with the price of rice. When the cost of rice is $\overline{\langle}$ 250 per quintal, the monthly the monthly expenditure of the family is $\overline{\langle}$ 1000 and when the cost of rice is $\overline{\langle}$ 240	
expenditure of the family is $\overline{\xi}$ 1000 and when the cost of rice is $\overline{\xi}$ 250 per quintal, the monthly the monthly expenditure is $\overline{\xi}$ 980. Find the monthly expenditure of the family is $\overline{\xi}$ 1000 and when the cost of rice is $\overline{\xi}$ 240 per quintal when the cost of rice is $\overline{\xi}$ 260.	
	. 4
each row there would be	
The find the number of the new close in a row there would	
16 On reversing the 1° is a	
9. 5 years ago, age of one sister was twice the other sister. 5 years hence, their ages will be in the ratio 2 : 3. Find their present ages.	, 40
C C	
ΔABC is an equilateral triangle in which $AB = (3x + 1)$ cm, $BC = (2x + 3y + 5)$ cm and $AC = (x + 9y + 6)$ cm. Find values of x are 1 y and the side of the equilateral triangle.	
21. A sum of a two digit number and number obtained on reversing the digits is 99 If number obtained on reversing the digits is 9 more than the original	

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If number obtained on reversing the digits is 9 more than the original number, find the number.

22.	Solve the following system of equations :
23.	148x + 231y = 610; 231x + 148y = 527 The sum of the numerator and denominator of a fraction is 12. If 1 is added to
43.	both the numerator and the denominator, the fraction becomes $\frac{3}{4}$. Find the
	fraction. 4
24.	Solve the following pair of linear equations by substitution method : x + 3y = 15; 2x - y = 2
25.	The taxi charge in a city consists of a fixed charge together with the charge for the distance covered. For a distance of 8 km, the charge paid is ₹ 111 and for a journey of 12 km, the charge paid is ₹ 159. What are the fixed charges and charge per km? How much does a person have to pay for travelling a distance of 5 km?
26.	The ages of mother and daughter are in the ratio 9 : 4. Five years ago age of mother was 10 years more than twice the age of her daugher. Find their present ages.
27.	The difference between two numbers is 26 and one number is three times the other. Find them.
28.	Solve the pair of linear equations $3x + y = -1$ and $-2x + 3y = 19$. Hence, find the value of <i>m</i> for which $y = mx + 3$, if their point of intersection lies on the line $y = mx + 3$.
29.	Find the value of 'k' for which the following system of equations represents a pair of coincident lines :
	x + 2y = 3; $(k - 1) x + (k + 1) y = k + 3Represent the following pair of linear equations graphically and hence comment$
30.	on the condition of consistency of this pair : r = 5y = 6; $2x - 10y = 12$
31.	Solve the following pair of equations graphically : x + y = 6; 3x - y = 10
32.	Draw graph of following pair of linear equations : y = 2 (x - 1); 4x + y = 4
	Also, write the co-ordinates of the points where these lines meets round and
33.	Represent the following system of equations graphically : x + 3y = 6; $2x - 3y = 12$
311.	Also, shade the triangle formed by these two lines with y-axis. Draw the graph of the following pair of linear equations :
34.	4x - y = 4; $3x + 2y = 14Shade the region bounded by both the lines and x = 0.$
35,	Solve the following pair of linear equations graphically .
	2x - 3y = 1, $4x - 3y + 1 = 0$. Does the point (2, 3) lie on any one of the lines formed by the above given equations? If yes, write the equation of the line.
36.	equations ? If yes, write the equation of the hand Draw the graphs of $2x + y = 6$ and $2x - y + 2 = 0$. Shade the region bounded by these lines and x-axis. Find the area of the shaded region.
37.	Draw the graphs of the following equations : $x + y = 5$, $x - y = 5$ (<i>i</i>) Find the solution of the equations from the graph. (<i>ii</i>) Shade the triangular region formed by these lines and the y-axis.
38.	Solve graphically the system of equations $5x - y = 7$ and $x - y + 1 = 0$. Calculate the area bounded by these lines and the y-axis.
38.	Solve the following pair of linear ϵ quations graphically :
01	x + 3y = 6, $2x - 3y = 12Also, shade the region bounded by the line 2x - 3y = 12 and both the co-ordinate$
40.	axes. Determine the values of m and n so that the following pair of linear equations has infinite number of solutions \cdot
	(2ni - 1) x + 3y = 53x + (n - 1) y = 2.
41.	Solve for x and y by cross multiplication method :
	$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{y}{b} = a - b;$ $ax + by = a^3 + b^3$

22.	Solve the following system of equations : 148m + 221m - 610; 221m + 148m - 527		
23.	148x + 231y = 610; $231x + 148y = 527The sum of the numerator and denominator of a fraction is 12. If 1 is added to$		
13.	both the numerator and the denominator, the fraction becomes $\frac{3}{4}$. Find the		
	4		
211	fraction. Solve the following pair of linear equations by substitution method :		
24.	x + 3y = 15; 2x - y = 2		
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28.	Solve the pair of linear equations $3x + y = -1$ and $-2x + 3y = 19$. Hence, find the value of <i>m</i> for which $y = mx + 3$, if their point of intersection lies on the line y = mx + 3.		
10	Find the value of 'k' for which the following system of equations represents a		
29.	pair of coincident lines :		
	x + 2y = 3; $(k - 1) x + (k + 1) y = k + 3Represent the following pair of linear equations graphically and hence comment$		
30.	on the condition of consistency of this pair :		
	x - 5y = 6; $2x - 10y = 12Solve the following pair of equations graphically :$		
31.	x + y = 6; 3x - y = 10		
31. 32.	Draw graph of following pair of linear equations : y = 2 (x - 1); 4x + y = 4		
	Also, write the co-ordinates of the points where these lines meets reaks and		
2.0	y-axis. Represent the following system of equations graphically :		
33.	x + 3y = 6: $2x - 3y = 12$		
	Also, shade the triangle formed by these two lines with y-axis. Draw the graph of the following pair of linear equations :		
34.	4x - y = 4; $3x + 2y = 14$		
	Shade the region bounded by both the lines and $x = 0$.		
353	Solve the following pair of linear equations graphically : 2x - 3y = 1; 4x - 3y + 1 = 0.		
	Does the point (2, 3) lie on any one of the lines formed by the above given		
21	equations? If yes, write the equation of the line. Draw the graphs of $2x + y = 6$ and $2x - y + 2 = 0$. Shade the region bounded by		
36.	these lines and x-axis. Find the area of the shaded region.		
0.0	Draw the graphs of the following equations : $x + y = 5$, $x - y = 5$		
37.	(i) Find the solution of the equations from the graph.		
	(i) Shade the triangular region formed by these lines and the y-axis.		
38. 39.	Solve graphically the system of equations $5x - y = 7$ and $x - y + 1 = 0$. Calculate the area bounded by these lines and the y-axis.		
39.	Solve the following pair of linear ϵ quations graphically :		
01	x + 3y = 6, $2x - 3y = 12Also, shade the region bounded by the line 2x - 3y = 12 and both the co-ordinate$		
40.	axes. Determine the values of m and n so that the following pair of linear equations has infinite number of solutions \cdot		
	(2m - 1)x + 3y = 5		
	3x + (n-1)y = 2.		
41.	Solve for x and y by cross multiplication method :		
1	$\frac{x}{a} - \frac{y}{b} = a - b;$ $ax + by = a^3 + b^3$		
	$a = b$ $ar + bv = a^3 + b^3$		

D.A.V. Int. School. Sab-Maths. Sighment-Sheet-NO2. Chapter-Polynomial. 54-Xth

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1. Check whether $x^2 + 3x + 1$ is a factor of $3x^4 + 5x^3 - 7x^2 + 2x + 2$.

2. Find the polynomial when it is given that divisor, quotient and remainder an respectively $x^2 - 3x + 4$, 2x - 1 and x + 4.

3. On dividing polynomial $x^3 - 4x^2 + 7x - 4$ by a polynomial g(x), quotient and remainder are $x^2 - 2x + 2$ and x respectively. Find g(x).

4. Give one example of a polynomial division process where p(x) = q(x).g(x) + r(x). (i) deg [r(x)] < deg [g(x)]

(ii) deg $\lfloor p(x) \rfloor = \deg \lfloor q(x) \rfloor$

5. Find all the zeroes of $x^3 + 11x^2 + 23x - 35$, if two of its zeroes are 1 and -5.

- 6. On dividing the polynomial $p(x) = x^4 3x^3 5x^2 + 7x 11$ by a polynomial g(x), we get the remainder -14x - 33 and the quotient $x^2 - 6x + 11$. Find g(x).
- 7. Obtain all the zeroes of $3x^4 + 6x^3 2x^2 10x 5$, if two of its zeroes are
 - $\sqrt{5}$ and $-\sqrt{5}$
- 8. If the polynomial $6x^4 + 8x^3 + 17x^2 + 21x + 7$ is divided by another polynomial $3x^2 + 4x + 1$, the remainder comes out to be ax + b. Find a and b.
- 9. Divide the polynomial $p(x) = 2x^4 4x^3 4x^2 + 6x 2$ by the polynomial g(x) = $x^2 - 2$ and find the quotient and the remainder. Also, verify the division algorithm.
- 10. If three zeroes of a polynomial $x^4 + 2x^3 x^2 2x$ are 0, 1 and 1, then find all
- 11. Divide $2x^4 9x^3 + 5x^2 + 3x 8$ by $x^2 4x + 1$ and verify the division algorithm.
- 12. On dividing the polynomial $p(x) = 5x^4 3x^2 2x + 1$ by another polynomial $g(x) = x^2 + 2$, if the quotient is $ax^2 + bx + c$, find a, b and c.

13. Check whether $x^2 + 2x + 2$ is a factor of $x^4 + 3x^3 + 7x^2 + x + 13$ or not. 14. Find all the zeroes of the polynomial $f(x) = x^3 + 13x^2 + 32x + 20$, if one of its zeroes is - 2.

- 15. Obtain all other zeroes of the polynomial $x^4 3x^3 x^2 + 9x 6$, if two of its zeroes are $\sqrt{3}$ and $-\sqrt{3}$
- 16. Find the values of a and b so that $x^4 + x^3 + 8x^2 + ax + b$ is exactly divisible by
- 17. If the remainder on division of $x^3 + 2x^2 + kx + 7$ by x 3 is 25, find the value of 'k' and the quotient. Hence, find the zeroes of the quotient so obtained.
- 18. If the polynomial $f(x) = 3x^4 + 3x^3 11x^2 5x + 10$ is completely divisible by $3x^2 - 5$, find all its zeroes.
- 19. Find the values of p and q so that 1 and -2 are the zeroes of the polynomial $f(x) = x^3 + 10x^2 + px + q$ and then find its third zero.

	DAV Int. School.	sub ~ Math
As	DAV Int. School. Signment Sheet No1 Chapter - F Std - Xth	Real Number.
	Std - Xth	
1.	Show that square of any positive odd integer is of the form $8k + 1$, where integer.	k is an
2.	Show that any positive even integer is of the form $6m$, $6m + 2$ or $6m$ m is some integer.	+ 4, where
	-10^{-1}	or $8a + 5$ or
3.	Show that any positive odd integer is of the form $8q + 1$ or $8q + 3$ 8q + 7.	
4.	Find the decimal expansion of $\frac{919}{2^3 \times 5^2}$. Find out after how many decimal it terminates.	
5	By using Euclid's division algorithm, find the largest number which divides 650 Ond 1170.	
6	Show that any positive even integer is of the form $4q$ or $4q + 2$ and any positive odd integer is of the form $4q + 1$ or $4q + 3$, where q is any integer.	
7.	Check whether 15^n can end with the digit zero (0) for any natural number n .	·)
8.	Show that the numbers 231 and 396 are not co-prime.	
9.	Find HCF of two numbers whose prime factorisation are expressible as $2^3 \times 7 \times 13$ and $2^3 \times 5 \times 29$.	5 ² ×
10.	Explain why $7 \times 13 \times 11 + 11$ and $7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 + 3$ are composinumbers.	
11.	The traffic lights at three different road crossings change after every 48 72 seconds and 108 seconds respectively. If they change simultane 7 am, at what time will they change simultaneously again ?	Jusly at
12	Write 32875 as product of prime factors. Is this factorisation unique ?	·
13.	Explain whether the number $3 \times 5 \times 13 \times 46 + 23$ is a prime number.	nber or a
14.	State fundamental theorem of arithmetic. Is it possible that HCF and LCM of two numbers be 24 and 540 responsible that Inc. 15	pectively ?
15.	Write down the decimal expansion of (i) $\frac{13}{3125}$ and (ii) $\frac{10}{1600}$.	*
P	Prove that $\sqrt{7}$ is an irrational number.	
	16 Prove that $\sqrt{7}$ is an irrational number. Prove that $3 + \sqrt{2}$ is an irrational number. 18. Prove that $\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}$ is an irrational number.	
	18. Prove that $\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}$ is an irrational number.	
	19 Prove that $3 + 2\sqrt{5}$ is an irrational number.	···
	20 Prove that $(3 + 2\sqrt{5})^2$ is irrational. 21 Prove that $5 - 2\sqrt{5}$ is an irrational number.	
	2) Prove that $5 - 2\sqrt{5}$ is an irrational number. 22. Prove that $\frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{3}}$ is an irrational number.	
25	Write down the decimal expansion of $\frac{16}{3125}$, without actual division.	
23	• • 3125	